## Does mass change after a chemical reaction occurs?

## Answer- NO

## Why?

Lavoisier stated 'that the mass of a closed system will remain constant, regardless of the reactions inside the system.'

## Law of conservation of mass

## Counting Atoms in a Formula

## How many atoms are shown in the following formulas?

Ca The symbol by itself represents one atom ex. One calcium atom
$\mathbf{N}_{2}$ The subscript indicates the number of atom found in the preceding element
ex. 2 nitrogen atoms

## How many atoms are shown in the following formulas?

## $\mathrm{Fe}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ <br> 

This subscript indicates the number of atoms found in the preceding element ie. 2 Iron atoms

4 Oxygen atoms
1 sulfur atoms
Total atoms= 7

## How many atoms are shown in the following formulas?

$\mathrm{Mg}_{3}\left(\mathrm{PO}_{4}\right)_{2}$This subscript multiplies all the elements in the bracket

$$
\text { ie. } 2 \times \mathrm{O}_{4}=8 \text { oxygen } \quad \begin{aligned}
2 & \times \mathrm{P}=2 \text { phosphorus }
\end{aligned}
$$

This subscript indicates the number of atoms found in the preceding element ie. 3 Magnesium atoms

4 Oxygen atoms
1 Phosphorus atom

## How many atoms are shown in the following formulas?

3 FeBrO There are 12 oxygen atoms ( $3 \times 4$ oxygen)
$3 \mathrm{FeBrO}_{4}$

This COEFFICIENT multiplies the number of atoms of each element in the formula.
ie. $3 \times 1$ Iron atoms
$3 \times 1$ bromine atoms
$3 \times 4$ Oxygen atoms

## Count the atoms in these Compounds!

$\mathrm{Na}_{3} \mathrm{P}$

| Type of Atoms | \# of Atoms |
| :---: | :---: |
| Sodium | 3 |
| Phosphorus | 1 |
|  |  |
| Total | 4 |

## Count the atoms in these Compounds!

$\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$

| Type of Atoms | \# of Atoms |
| :---: | :---: |
| Sodium | 2 |
| Carbon | 1 |
| Oxygen | 3 |
| Total | 6 |

## Count the atoms in these Compounds!

$\mathrm{Fe} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$

| Type of Atoms | \# of Atoms |
| :--- | :---: |
| Iron | 1 |
| Sulfur | 1 |
| Oxygen | 4 |
| Total | 6 |

## Count the atoms in these Compounds!

3 NaOH

| Type of Atoms | \# of Atoms |
| :---: | :---: |
| Sodium | 3 |
| Oxygen | 3 |
| Hydrogen | 3 |
| Total | 9 |

## Count the atoms in these Compounds!

| $\mathrm{Cu}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}$ | Type of Atoms | \# of Atoms |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Copper | 1 |
|  | Nitrogen | 2 |
| Oxygen | 6 |  |
| Total | 9 |  |

## Count the atoms in these Compounds!

$3 \mathrm{~K}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$

| Type of Atoms | \# of Atoms |
| :---: | :---: |
| Potassium | 6 |
| Sulfur | 3 |
| Oxygen | 12 |
| Total | 21 |

Count the atoms in these Compounds!

| $3 \mathrm{Al}_{2}\left(\mathrm{SO}_{4}\right)_{3}$ | Type of Atoms | \# of Atoms |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2 \times 3 \mathrm{Al}$ <br> $1 \times 3 \times 3 \mathrm{~S}$ | Aluminum | 6 |
| $4 \times 3 \times 3$ | Sulfur | 9 |
|  | Oxygen | 36 |
|  | Total | 51 |
|  |  |  |

